

Developing a Global Vision

MKTG 8

Chapter 5

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2014-2015

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Learning Outcomes

LO¹ Discuss the importance of global marketing

LO² Discuss the impact of multinational firms on the world economy

LO³ Describe the external environment facing global marketers

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Learning Outcomes

LO⁴ Identify the various ways of entering the global marketplace

LO⁵ List the basic elements involved in developing a global marketing mix

LO⁶ Discover how the Internet is affecting global marketing

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Rewards of Global Marketing

Discuss the importance of global marketing

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Rewards of Global Marketing

Having a global vision means...

- Recognizing and reacting to international marketing opportunities
- Using effective global marketing strategies
- Being aware of threats from foreign competitors

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Importance of Global Marketing to the U. S.

- ◆ The United States derives 14 percent of gross domestic product (GDP) from world trade
- ◆ More than 10 million Americans hold jobs that are supported by exports
- ◆ U.S. businesses export over \$2.1 trillion in goods and services annually
- ◆ Every U.S. state has realized net employment gains directly attributed to foreign trade

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Negatives of Trade and Globalization

- ◆ Millions of Americans have lost jobs
- ◆ Millions fear losing jobs
- ◆ Threat of outsourcing if workers do not accept pay cuts
- ◆ Vulnerability to operations moving offshore

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Benefits of Globalization

- ◆ Expands economic freedom
- ◆ Spurs competition
- ◆ Raises productivity and living standards
- ◆ Offers access to foreign capital, global export markets, and advanced technology
- ◆ Promotes higher labor and environmental standards
- ◆ Acts as a check on government power

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Multinational Firms

Discuss the impact of multinational firms on the world economy

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Stages of Global Business Development

1	Companies operate in one country and sell into others
2	Set up foreign subsidiaries to handle sales
3	Operate an entire line of business in another country
4	Virtual operation

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Are Multinationals Beneficial?

Pros	Cons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Account for 19 percent of U.S. private Jobs Provide 25 percent of private wages 74 percent of R&D spending 48 percent of total exports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Technology is capital intensive and does not necessarily increase employment. Support governments that benefit the company, not necessarily the country and its people May take away more wealth than they generate

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Global Marketing Standardization

Global Marketing Standardization	Production of uniform products that can be sold the same way all over the world.
Multidomestic strategy	Subsidiaries of multinational firms are allowed to compete independently in domestic markets.

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External Environment Facing Global Marketers

Describe the external environment facing global marketers

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External Environment Facing Global Marketers

Culture

Economic & Technological Development

Natural Resources

Political Structure

Demographic Makeup

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Culture

Culture

The common set of values shared by its citizens that determine what is socially acceptable.

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Culture

Factors to keep in mind when dealing with different cultures:

1. Language and cultural idioms
2. Customs and traditions
3. Values and expectations of sales presentations

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Economic Development

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graph TD
    DC[Developed Country] --> CSI[Complex, sophisticated industries]
    LDC[Less Developed Country] --> BI[Basic industries]
  
```

[Transporting crops in India](#)

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The Global Economy

“If America sneezes, then the rest of the world catches a cold.”

Understanding and forecasting growth and demand globally requires understanding countries around the world.

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Economic Development: China and India

- China and India have two of the highest growth rates in the world
- Have the world's two largest populations, but among highest levels of income disparity
- Both India and China have exploded in spending power, particularly in the upper classes
- [Smog in China](#) and [more smog!](#)

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Political Structure and Actions

No private ownership
Minimal individual freedom

Little central government
Maximum personal freedom

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Legal Considerations

Tariff	A tax levied on goods Entering a country
Quota	Limit on the amount of a product entering a country
Boycott	Exclusion of products from a country
Exchange Control	Foreign exchange must be sold to a control agency
Market Grouping	Common trade alliance
Trade Agreement	An agreement to stimulate international trade

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Political and Legal Considerations

The Uruguay Round (1994) made changes in world trading practices

Entertainment, pharmaceuticals, integrated circuits, and software

Financial, legal, and accounting services

Agriculture

Textiles and apparel

And created a new trade organization: The World Trade Organization

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Doha Round

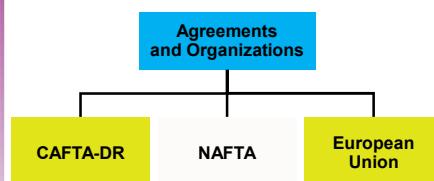
- Began in 2001
- Highly contentious from the beginning
- Stalemate over lowering tariffs on industrial goods in exchange for cutting U.S. farm subsidies.
- More protectionism has made talks increasingly difficult.

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Political and Legal Considerations



Dominican Republic-Central American FTA (2005)
 North American FTA (1993)
 European Union (1993)

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Exhibit 5.2**Members of G-20 (aka “Group of 20”)**

Argentina	France	Japan	Republic of Korea
Australia	Germany	Mexico	Turkey
Brazil	India	Russia	United Kingdom
Canada	Indonesia	Saudi Arabia	United States
China	Italy	South Africa	

Riots sometimes occur at G-20 and WTO meetings

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Demographic Makeup**Marketing Considerations:**

- ◆ Population density
- ◆ Urban or rural
- ◆ Age

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Natural Resources*Shortages in natural resources create:*

- ◆ International dependencies
- ◆ Shifts of wealth
- ◆ Inflation and recession
- ◆ Export opportunities if resources are abundant
- ◆ Stimulus for military intervention

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Global Marketing by the Individual Firm

**Identify the various ways
of entering the
global marketplace**

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Why “Go Global?”

- Earn additional profits
- Leverage a unique product or technological advantage
- Possess exclusive market information
- Saturated domestic markets
- Excess capacity
- Utilize “economies of scale”
- Different cultures give new opportunities

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Entering the Global Marketplace

Export	Sell domestically produced products to buyers in other countries
Licensing and Franchising	Legal process allowing use of manufacturing/patents/knowledge
Contract Manufacturing	Private-label manufacturing by a foreign country
Joint Venture	Domestic firm buys/joins a foreign company to create new entity
Direct Investment	Active ownership of a foreign company/manufacturing facility

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Export Intermediaries

Buyer for Export	Assumes all ownership risks and sells globally for its own account.
Export Broker	Plays the traditional broker's role by bringing buyer and seller together.
Export Agent	Acts like a manufacturer's agent for the exporter in the foreign market.

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The Global Marketing Mix

List the basic elements involved in developing a global marketing mix

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The Global Marketing Mix

The first step in creating a marketing mix is developing a thorough understanding of the global target market...

HOWEVER

...global marketing research is conducted in vastly different environments.

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Product and Promotion

	Same Product	Change Product
Same Message	One Product, One Message	Product Adaptation
Change Message	Promotion Adaptation	Product Invention

Coke – America the Beautiful

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Place (Distribution)

- Adequate distribution is necessary for success in global markets
 - Lack of distribution infrastructure and cultural differences create problems
 - Logistics and shipping costs have been a growing challenge for U.S. companies looking to move production overseas.
 - Global trade has added to strains and charges for all forms of transportation.

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Pricing

- ◆ Must consider transportation and insurance costs, taxes and tariffs
- ◆ Determine what customers will spend
- ◆ Ensure that foreign buyers will pay price
- ◆ May need to simplify a product to lower price
- ◆ Don't assume that low-income countries are willing to accept lower quality

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Examples from Brazil:

In Brazil:

- iPhone 5S = \$1,585
 - Apple has no subsidized phone prices in Brazil
- PS4 = \$1,850
 - \$468 in (mostly import) taxes + retailer profit + production costs
- Xbox One = \$1,016

[Source](#)

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Exchange Rates...

reflect the price of one's currency in terms of another country's currency.

Floating Exchange Rates...

comprise a system in which prices of different currencies move up and down based on the demand for and the supply of each currency.

[Floating Exchange Rate Example](#)

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Dumping

The sale of an exported product at a price lower than that charged for the same or a like product in the "home" market of the exporter.

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Dumping

Dumping may occur as a result of exporter business strategies that include:

1. Trying to increase an overseas market share
2. Temporarily distributing products to overseas markets to offset slack demand at home
3. Lowering unit costs by exploiting large-scale production
4. Attempting to maintain stable prices during periods of exchange rate fluctuations

[Dumping chicken in China!](#)

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Countertrade

A form of trade in which all or part of the payment for goods or services is in the form of other goods or services.

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The Impact of the Internet

Discover how the Internet
is affecting
global marketing

43

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The Impact of the Internet

- Opening an e-commerce site puts a company in the international marketplace
- The Internet-based economy remains hindered by brick and mortar rules, regulations, and habits

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Social Media

Global marketers use social media:

- Because it is popular around the world
- To understand customers
- For global brand building

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Chapter 5 Video

The Nederlander Organization

The Nederlander Organization is a theatre management company that manages a global network of Broadway style theatres. In this video clip, top management discusses how the Nederlander Organization grew from a small mid-west theatre management company into a global brand that helps successful producers move from Broadway to a global tour circuit.

[CLICK TO PLAY VIDEO](#)

Beyond the Book

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Part 1 Video

Scripps Networks Interactive

Understanding Buyers and Markets

Scripps Networks Interactive is a major media company responsible for popular channels such as the Food Network, Cooking channel, HGTV, and Travel Channel. Controlling these networks also means developing retail products, social media connections, advertising, app development, and Web development. This clip discusses how Scripps views its connectivity with viewers online and how advertising partnerships may change through that connectivity.

[CLICK TO PLAY VIDEO](#)

Beyond the Book

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